Alexandria Advertiser AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. I.] FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1801. [No. 253.

Sales by Auction.

On MONDAY next,

at ten o'clock, WILL BE SOLD, at the Auction Room,

Jamaica Rum
in hhds and bls.
Antigua do. in bls.
Sugar in bls.
Coffee in bags,

Soap in boxes,
Raisins in do.
Tobacco in kegs,
Starch in bls. &c.
&c. &c.

Also,

A quantity of DRY GOODS,

—Consisting of—

Broadcloths,
Jerseymeres,
Swanktown,
Irish linen,
India cottons,
Calicoes,
Persians,
Cambricks,
Pocket and book
Muslins,
Muslin cravats,

Silk Hose,
Barcelona Handkerchiefs,
Ivory combs,
Tapes & bobbins,
Sewing silks,
Nankeens,
Mens' & womens' shoes,
Hats, &c. &c.

Likewise—Two bales of Broadcloths and Forest cloths a credit.

HENRY and THOS. MOORE,
October 1. Auctioneers.

Public Sale.

TUESDAY, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

3d and 4th proof Jamaica
rum in hhds and bls.
Continental Rum in bls.
French Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Coffee in bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Soap in boxes,
Segars in boxes,
A quantity of Nails in casks,
A few crates of Queens Ware,
2 sets China, Furniture, &c.

Also,

A quantity of DRY GOODS,

Amongst which are

Irish and Dowlass Linens,
Cloths and Carpetings,
Ginghams and Dimities,
Calicoes, striped Nankeens,
A variety of purple and other Shawls,
White Jeans,
Muslin Shawls and Handkerchiefs,
Tambour'd, book and lapper Muslins,
Millinetts, red Hums, Fans,
Curb and snaffle Bridles,
And a variety of other articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER,
October 1. Vendue Master.

Public Sale.

Wednesday, the 7th day of October next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold on the premises,

A two story frame House,
now occupied by captain Joseph Martin, on Union street, near Harper's wharf, and next door to the store of Messrs. Harper and Lyles. The stand, for a retail store, is equal to any in Alexandria. And at the same time will be sold,

A BILLIARD TABLE,
in good order.

P. G. MARSTELLER,
Sept. 21. d Auctioneer.

A few boxes of
Good, fresh LEMONS,
by the box—*Also,*
Very good Lisbon Wine,
by the pipe or quarter cask,
To be sold by
WM. HARTSHORNE.
9 mo. 23d. 2aw6tp

The subscriber will be obliged to the gentleman to whom he lent a certain coat, five or six weeks ago, to return it. CHARLES BENNETT.
Aug. 25. 30

Alexandria and Norfolk PACKET.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public in general, that he has just arrived from Newport, R. Island, where he purchased and has brought here,

The new, fast sailing Sloop

HOPE,

with excellent accommodations for passengers: he intends to run her between this place and Norfolk as a constant packet, and will spare no pains to furnish her with the best provisions and stores that can be had, in plenty, and to give general satisfaction to those who may honor him with their favor. Passengers may take their places at Mr. Gadsby's, Mr. Heiskell's, or Mr. Davidson's taverns. ☞ The packet will sail this day week.

ABEL WILLIS.

Who has for sale,

Excellent mackerel, founds and tongues, fresh lemons, China oranges, double Gloucester cheese, R. Island do. with a variety of other

GROCERIES, FRUITS, &c.

Sept. 23. d

For CHARLES-TOWN,

The fast sailing SCHOONER

MISSISSIPPI,

JOHN GUTHRIE, MASTER;

Burthen about 850 barrels. Apply to
Wm. I. HALL.

Who has for sale,

A few Marine Shares—Also,
4th proof Jamaica Rum in hhds.
Genuine Madeira Wine,
Turk's Island Salt,
Fine do. loose and in sacks,
Cork wood for seines,
Plaister of Paris,
Lampblack,
Merchants' Wharf, Sept. 21. d

Thompson and Veitch

Have received by the brig Commerce, capt. Baldwin, from England,

A Consignment of a Quantity of

DRY GOODS,

Amongst which are,

Printed calicoes and chintzes,
Muslins of various kinds,
Plain and figured cambric,
Muslinetts and dimities,
Irish linens and table linens,
Shawls, hosiery and ribbons,
Blunkering, serges, &c. &c.

Being desirous of closing the sales speedily, the above goods will be sold unusually low, for cash, produce or notes at a short date.

Aug. 7. d

1000 lbs. fine Russian Glue,
5 pipes 4th proof Cogniac brandy,
35 puncheons 2, 3 and 4th proof St. Croix rum,
30 qr. casks FF and battle gunpowder,
3 tons patent shot,
Albany Chocolate, No. 1,
20 qr. chests fresh teas,
1 hhd. roll brimstone,
And a few tierces Wine Vinegar, of a very superior quality, for sale by

R. B. Jamesson.

Sept. 11. co4w

JOHN G. LADD *HAS REMOVED*

His Store of Goods, from the Frame Warehouse, on Col. Gilpin's wharf, to the *Brick* Warehouse next directly westward thereof, where he offers for sale, a variety of WET and DRY GOODS on very reasonable terms.

Russia Sheetings,

A few bales of the best quality, entitled to drawback on exportation, just received and for sale as above.

Intending to leave this place some few weeks, my brother, Mr. *William Ladd,* will attend to my concerns during my absence. JOHN G. LADD.

OLD FRUIT STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Has just received and offers for sale at his Store, lower end of Prince street,

A Quantity of

LISBON LEMONS

of an excellent quality,
Green Coffee in bags,
A quantity of good Bacon,
Soap by the box,
New England Cheese,
Loaf and lump Sugar,

And almost every other article in the

GROCERY LINE.

Also,

A number of Half Bushel Measures.

Thomas Simms.

Sept. 24. d

FALL GOODS.

Jacob Hoffman

Has received by the ship Reserve, from London, and Eliza, from Liverpool,

The greater part of his

FALL ASSORTMENT,

which he is now opening, in the store formerly occupied by Thompson and Veitch.

Sept. 26. d6tec6t

FALL GOODS.

BENNETT & WATTS

HAVE RECEIVED,

By the Reserve from London, and Orion from Liverpool,

An extensive Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods,

which they offer for sale by the package or piece on the usual terms.—The following form a part of said assortment, viz.

Nails, shot, pewter, fig-blue, German steel, FF and battle gunpowder, 26 bales best twisted sacking, Brussels and Scotch carpeting and carpets, stair case carpeting, &c. &c.

Sept. 12. d

FALL GOODS.

Robert T. Hooe and Co.

HAVE RECEIVED,

Per ship Orion from Liverpool, and ship Reserve from London,

DRY GOODS,

suitable to the approaching season, which will be sold on reasonable terms by the piece or package only.

They have likewise for Sale,

A quantity of German linens,
Hardware from Birmingham,
Earthen ware in crates,
Brown sugar in hhds. and bls.
Coffee in bags.

Sept. 14. d

FALL GOODS.

The Subscriber has received, by the Reserve from London, part of his

FALL ASSORTMENT,

and is in daily expectation of receiving the balance by the first arrivals from Liverpool.

James Wilson.

Sept. 12. d

To Rent,

To the first of March next, and immediate possession given,

A complete two story Brick House on Water street, between Prince and Duke streets; as this street will in a short time be very handsomely paved, it will render its situation more eligible and pleasant than heretofore.——Any person wishing to see the house and know the terms, will be informed by applying to the subscriber.

GEO. CORYELL.

Also,

A frame Warehouse, in Duke street, next door to Alexander Smith's.

Sept. 28. d3t

SHREVE & JANNEY

HAVE FOR SALE,

At their store on Union between Prince and Duke streets,

N. England Rum in bls.
Molasses in hhds.
Sugar in bls.
Coffee in bags and bls.
Pepper of an excellent quality in bags,
Hyson, souchong and bohea tea by the chest,
Castile and white soap in boxes,
45 boxes segars of an excellent quality,
Fine salt,
Mackarel by the barrel,
Cod fish by the box,
Florence oil, in boxes of one doz. each.

Also,

Ladies' Morocco slippers by the box,
Mens' strong do. by the doz.
Ravens duck by the piece or bale,
A few bales of gurrahs and salgochys, and are in daily expectation of an additional supply.

Sept. 14. d

FOR SALE,

A two story HOUSE and LOT lying upon the corner of King and Alfred streets. The house is well finished, with every necessary accommodation, consisting of a pantry, kitchen, stable, carriage house, smoke house, &c. &c. The lot is 60 feet front on King street, by 100 feet back to a 15 feet alley.

Also,

A two story HOUSE, 40 feet front, with a half acre lot, including a garden neatly paled in, lying upon the corner of Cameron and Alfred streets.—The house is very convenient, with a kitchen, store room, stable, &c. &c.

Also,

A FARM about three and an half miles from Alexandria, containing about 100 acres, partly lying on the Colchester road, and commanding a very extensive prospect of the town and river; with a dwelling house 24 feet by 34, a kitchen adjoining, and several improvements, consisting of a barn and stable 60 feet by 20. There are about 36 acres of land cleared, with a young orchard containing about 600 trees of choice fruit.—For terms apply to

THOS. RICHARDS,

At his store opposite the Washington tavern.

August 18. d

SALT.

10,000 bushels of coarse SALT,
For Sale by
JOSEPH RIDDLE and Co.

Sept. . eo

An excellent Kiln of Bricks,

and a quantity of

SHELL LIME,

which will be sold very cheap, if applied for soon. The above may be seen near the Vendue Store of P. G. Marsteller.

Also,

50 bls. Plaistering Hair.

Apply to
THOMAS PRESTON, or
PHILIP WANTON.

Sept. 18. co3t‡

MISSING

From Mr. C. Beverley's pasture, at Elkwood, a light bay saddle HORSE, about 15 hands high, with a small star in his forehead, and his hip on the near side somewhat larger than the other.

ALSO,

A red bay HORSE, about 14½ hands high, with a small star in his forehead, and one hind and fore foot, on the same side, white. A liberal reward will be given to any person who will deliver the said horses, or either of them, to Mr. Beverly at Elkwood, to me in Northumberland county, or secure them and give me notice so that they be recovered.

WALTER JONES.

Sept. 21. eo

FROM THE AURORA.

THE VINE DRESSER OF SPRING MILL,

TO HIS CORRESPONDENT.

With respect to engrafting the Vine, it is a thing not much practised. I have, however, made the experiment, and find that it is an improvement. The grape being evidently larger, produced from a good kind engrafted upon a wildstock. You ask what number of plants did it require to produce six barrels of wine, and in what state of their growth were they? This question, as far as it tends to gain information respecting the quantity produced on one acre, has been already answered above, but as it respects the particular quantity of six barrels made by me, I must say that it was impossible for me, in that stage of the business, to be accurate in my calculations.

Cuttings will produce fruit, the third year after they have been planted, and the produce will be greater every year, till the seventh or eighth, when they are in their full strength; and as I have said before, in Europe, they continue to bear upwards of one hundred years, if they are well managed; and I see no reason why they should not continue as long in America.

When red wine is intended to be made the grapes are cut off, with a pair of scissors, by young boys and girls, in the heat of the day, and carried in buckets to the wine press. Then it is altogether thrown into a vat, in the open air, to undergo the vineous fermentation, which is bro't on without any foreign aid. During the fermentation, the mare, which is the short stalks, seeds, and skin of the grape, rises to the top, and continues to do so until the crisis of the fermentation. At this moment the wine should be drawn from the vat, and put into the cask. If this is not done, and the fermentation should be continued until the mare begins to settle again, the acetous fermentation would commence, and the liquor, instead of being wine, would turn to vinegar. The mare is then taken to the press, and the liquor squeezed from it, is annexed with the first, which gives it a body and colour; but to explain the reason of this would require a very extensive treatise of itself, I shall therefore proceed to the manner of making white wine.

The grapes for this purpose may be either black or white, and may be gathered in the morning before the sun hath warmed the fruit, and carried to the press with as much care as possible, to prevent them from being bruised. The liquor is then only put into the vat for fermentation. *without the mare.* This gives a clear and beautiful white wine, whether the liquor be pressed from red or white grapes. After the wine has been put into the cask, it must remain till the spring following, when it may be bottled, chusing always clear and serene weather for that purpose.

Cellars are to be prepared which are arched over, well aired and not subject to great variations of heat and cold. Of this, in my present situation, I am in great want. My American wine has been subjected to a degree of cold equal to 9 degrees of Farenheit, and of heat to 106 degrees by the same scale—a change which must be very much against the preservation of wine; but in this world we must do as we can, and not as we wish. Notwithstanding I labor under such disadvantages, my wine is good, but it certainly would be better, if I had a cellar of a more equal temperature.

This climate appears much more favorable to the cultivation of Vine than any country in Europe; the autumn or fall of the year being always more agreeable, so that there happens no long and cold rains, about the time of the blossoms putting forth, which is in the beginning of June, or about the time the Grapes are ripening, —the cultivator is sure of a good return every year, if he only bestows a small quantity of manure every other year—the manure may be either horse, cow, or pig dung; two ounces of pidgeon's dung to each plant every two years, is reckoned better than any other manure if it can be obtained.

No intermediate crops are ever used either before the plants arrive at perfection or afterwards—a practice of this kind would prevent the use of the plough or harrow betwixt the rows, which is necessary two or three times in the summer.

Cuttings ought to be from 18 to 24 inches in length, of last year's wood, and furnished with several points, one or 2 of which should appear, when planted, above ground.

To give you a more perfect idea of the advantages of a Vine-yard even in Europe where wine is at a very low price.

I here give you the mean price of land in the neighbourhood of Paris, Burgundy, Alsace, and on the Rhine; after which you may make what comparisons or applications you please.

An acre of land fit for wheat, is let at from 300 to 350 livres---Meadow land at 500 or 600 livres---but a Vine Yard is at 1100 or 1200 livres.

You will find in the "True American" of Monday, March 24th, 1800, an answer to all your other questions, to which I refer you.

I hope soon to see you at Spring Mill, and my gratitude will be proportioned to the length of time you pass with me---let not a small chamber nine feet square, frighten you---we must all, some day or other, put up with one much less; but good cheer, good water, good wine, and hearty welcome, will accompany this respectful consideration, on which

I am, with esteem,
Yours, &c.
P. LEGAUX.

LONDON, August 14.

Lord Nelson was expected to sail last night, or early this morning, from Margate. His lordship has been reinforced by several bombs and gun-brigs, and fifteen additional flat-bottomed boats, were sent yesterday from Deal.

Boulogne and Calais are well watched: the French seem to be apprehensive of another attack upon that part of the coast, for they have strengthened their positions on shore, and additional works and batteries are said to have been thrown up.

The Diana packet arrived yesterday from Cuxhaven, without mails, but with two messengers, Messrs. Hogard and Kremer, with dispatches for government.—These dispatches, it is reported, contain a confirmation of the capture of Cairo.

The Elector of Cologne, whose death was announced in the last Hamburgh mail, was uncle to the reigning Emperor of Germany, and brother to the two last Emperors, as well as the unfortunate Antoinette, late Queen of France. His court was once very splendid by the assemblage of the French emigrant princes and nobility; but his states were over-run by the enemy at an early period of the war, and he never since recovered possession of them. The death of this prince, at such a juncture, may perhaps facilitate the project of secularization, to which his influence was considered as a great impediment.

An intercepted letter from an Englishman, formerly of the societies, now in Egypt as a sort of surtler and artificer in the French army, was lately brought over, and is now at the secretary of state's office. It says (May 23) that the French are determined to hold Egypt to the very last extremity.

It is understood, that lord Nelson will quickly take the command in the Mediterranean, in the room of lord Keith, who returns to England, should affairs on our own coasts admit of lord Nelson's absence. At all events lord Keith is expected home.

From Brussels, August 2, we learn, that all the armaments in the ports of Picardy and Flanders are ready to put to sea at the first notice; and that several naval officers have arrived in consequence from Brest and Toulon, to aid in a grand expedition. The number of armed vessels now ready at Boulogne and Dunkirk are said to exceed 150 sail, on board of which 25,000 troops will take their departure against Great Britain with the first fair wind.

On board the seven transports taken in the Mediterranean, were several hundred troops; but whether they formed part of Gantheaume's fleet is unknown.

By letters from Copenhagen, of the 4th inst. it appears, that many changes are about to take place in the Danish naval and military departments. The Danish fleet, now estimated at 20 sail of the line and ten frigates, fit for service, is to be encreased to 30 sail of the line and 16 frigates. The additional ships are to built at Copenhagen, Gluckstadt, and Frederickswar.

Price of Stocks, Aug. 13.

Bank stock 168—3 per ct. red. 60 7/8 con. 60 1/4 60.

August 15.

FALL OF CAIRO.

The intelligence of the surrender of Cairo is confirmed. Two messengers arrived yesterday with dispatches from Constantinople and Vienna to Government and the E. India Company. The dispatches to government are from Lord Minto, who continues to congratulate his majesty's ministers on the fall of Cairo. The dispatches, however to the East India company, place the intelligence beyond all doubt. They are in substance as follow:

Extract of a letter from Peter Took, Esq. dated Constantinople, July 19.

"I had the honour to address you on the 17 inst * by an express courier, in order to inform you of the reduction of the castle and city of Cairo, by his majesty's and the Ottoman armies, after some severe actions, wherein the enemy had lost 2000 men in killed and wounded; and that the remainder, consisted of 4000 men had surrendered. I have only learnt since, that the enemy capitulate on honourable terms, and were to march to Rosetta, to be embarked for France under the escort of British ships of war."

** Not received.*

The remarks we made the other day need now only be repeated. The fall of Cairo enables us to concentrate the whole of our force, and to direct it against Alexandria, the last possession which the enemy have upon the Egyptian territory. Pressed by such an army on the land side, and blocked up by sea—in want of provisions and water—it is not probable that Alexandria will long hold out.—Perhaps it is not now of much consequence to enquire where Gantheaume landed his troops, or whether he landed any. If, while he was at anchor on the Egyptian coast, he heard of the surrender of Cairo, it is not unlikely that, seeing of how little use such a reinforcement must be after such an event, he returned with the troops to France. If, however, he did actually land them, they will now only serve to swell the number of our prisoners, without being of any use to the enemy.

Soon after this paper was put to press yesterday, we received the Paris papers to the 12th, and communicated in a second edition a short account of their contents. The intelligence is not important. A convention has been concluded with the Pope, upon matters relating to the Gallican Church. The terms have not been published, but the Moniteur says, that 'the government has good reason to hope, that, in a few months, the priests, who call themselves constitutional, those who have taken the promise of fidelity, and all the others united in sentiment and opinion, will peaceably occupy themselves with the cares of their ministry, of peace, concord and union."

An article contained in a London paper some time ago, which supposed, that, under the present circumstances, the residence of M. Otto in this capital might not be secure, is noticed with proper severity in the Moniteur, which pays a merited tribute to the virtues of his Majesty, and attaching to Mr. Addington, the epithet of respectable, expresses a belief that he was highly displeased with the article alluded to.

GANTHEAUME'S RETURN.

Letters from Hamburgh of the 14th instant, speak in the most positive terms of Gantheaume's return to Toulon, after an ineffectual attempt to land his troops in Syria; where the natives, as they say, rose in such numbers upon the French, that they were obliged to give over the attempt. They proceed to enumerate the advantages which must result to Great-Britain from this event; which insures the safety of our reinforcements sent out from England, Gibraltar, Minorca, Malta and Trieste, amounting to 9000 men, the flower of the British army, and from their *data* deduce the speedy fall of Alexandria as a necessary consequence. On the other hand, the Paris papers rely on information received from Genoa, Legborn, Messina, and Ancona, even announcing the name of Gen. Ballier who had arrived at the latter place from Corsica. From these sources they are peremptory in declaring the admiral, after having taken near Candia an English vessel, which he sent for Messina, continued his course towards the coast of Barbary. By the way he fell in with the squadron under Sir John Borlase Warren, and found that he was in pursuit of him. He learned by the enemy's signals that they were preparing for an attack; but as his principal object was to carry succours to Egypt, he endeavoured to avoid a battle. The weather was favourable to him; a gale of wind coming on, he lost sight of the enemy, and continued his voyage.

Sir John Warren having lost this opportunity, returned towards Alexandria, to which he supposed Gantheaume to be bound; but this admiral arrived at Derna, where he boldly landed 10,000 troops, who continued their march to Egypt, after taking a little repose. This intelligence is, as they say, confirmed by a merchant vessel arrived from Tripoli in 12 days, which relates this fact with the following particulars, that the natives of Barbary, so far from opposing the disembarkation, favored it as much as was necessary for the success of the expedition. Amidst this contrariety of assertion, we can only say—*Non nostrum est tamas componere lites;*" and that could any thing tend to involve in more obscurity a subject already so dark, it would be the overland intelligence from the India-house of the capture of the transports: for as on the one hand it proves that Gantheaume's return to Toulon was not so precipitate, but that he had reached the neighbourhood of his destination, so on the other hand, it may be asked, why these vessels were left behind, had he been compelled to desert it?

It is supposed, that another, attack will be immediately made upon Boulogne, at least the enemy appear to be apprehensive of one, for accounts from that town state, that on Thursday night the enemy made a movement, and moored 26 gun-vessels along shore, east and west of the harbour. A reinforcement of 1700 troops is also said to have arrived within these few days from the interior.

August 16.

OF PEACE.

In our last number we stated, that the negociations for peace had assumed more than usual activity and decision. We hear with pleasure, that many of the most imposing impediments to a general adjustment have been removed; that the prospect of peace becomes each day brighter, and that every thing indicates a speedy termination to the war.

It has ever been the policy of Buonaparte to make overtures for peace when he was supposed to be most competent to the prosecution of war; and, as we can not suppose him so inconsiderate and madly enthusiastic, as at any period to have proposed an invasion of this country, we are led to regard his preparations as designed only to give weight to his negociation, and to embarrass our government, by exciting public clamour and alarm.—Thanks to the galiant and determined valour of our countrymen, the project has proved abortive. Instead of intimidation, energy, firmness, and enterprize are manifest. Where clamour and dissention were looked for, confidence and union prevail. We do not wonder then if the chief consul, wearied of expedients, which only tend to exhibit to Britons the greatness of their resources, and to rouse into action the dormant energies of the empire, is anxious to terminate a war in which experience has taught him to look for nothing but defeat.

To the zeal and loyalty of the volunteer corps, the country owes more than the honour they do her. Their patriotism has repressed alarm, inspired the loyal with confidence, and confounded the disaffected. We trust they will not relax in their exertions, until, by peace, we are fully assured against these dangers, from which they so powerfully contributed to save us.

We have been taught by experience to respect the authority from which we have received the following articles, whatever opinion we may entertain on the subject of the first, we cannot question the writers competence to speak with decision to the latter.

"As the Negociation proceeds, the prospect of peace becomes brighter; and there is now little reason to doubt, notwithstanding the intrigues of the Jacobins, those enemies of the human race, that the wishes of the lovers of peace will soon be realized."

"M. Otto, with a magnanimity for which he has ever been esteemed, disdains any further proceeding against those miserable scribblers who have attempted to injure his reputation. The time, perhaps, is not far distant, when the authors of those calumnies which have been so justly complained of, may see reason to reproach themselves for their conduct."

Some movements in Brest harbour within these few days have induced a supposition that the Brest fleet has an intention of putting to sea. A reinforcement has been ordered from Portsmouth to join the channel fleet off Brest immediately.

(From the Moniteur of Aug. 7.)

Answer delivered by the first consul to

the note presented to him by the M. Katcheff.—"The first consul of the French republic acknowledges the receipt of the convention of Petersburg of the 16th of June, and takes this opportunity to assure his imperial majesty of the lasting good disposition and sentiments of the French government towards his majesty's person and government; and assures him, that he will do every thing that may be pleasing and agreeable to the court of Russia; and that this end would have been attained sooner, if the negociations with England, the situation of affairs in Italy and Egypt, and the war with Portugal, had not thrown certain invincible obstacles in the way of the business."

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PASSWAN OGLOU's VICTORY.

The Hamburgh Mail.

A letter from Brun, dated July 25, states, "Passwan Oglou's retreat to Widden was a feint to induce his opponents to block him up in that fortress. He has now fought the great battle which formed part of his plan. The blockade is raised, and the troops of the Grand Seignior have been either cut to pieces or dispersed. In executing of his plan, Passwan Oglou sent over to the enemy a large number of his most devoted adherents.---Soon after this, he made a sally with the rest of the garrison, and while the Grand Seignior's troops advanced against him, the adherents of Passwan Oglou took them in the rear, and placed them between two fires, in such a manner that the greatest part were killed upon the spot; the rest were compelled to betake themselves to a disorderly flight."

Brunn, July 25. Accounts have been received that Passwan Oglou has obtained a decisive victory over the troops of the Grand Seignior, which had endeavored to blockade him at Widden.

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Price of Provisions, &c.

Fine wheats have fallen in price nearly 25s per quarter during last week, and prime Dantzic wheats which last week found ready sale at 130s per quarter, are now sold at 65 to 68s. Flour is a few shillings cheaper, but most other grains hold the prices we quoted in our last.

In several parts of the country new wheat has been already brought to market, and has occasioned the expected reduction of price. At Lynn the price in consequence fell from 126s. to 90s. per. quarter, and in most of the markets whence we are favored with returns, there has been a depression of from 10 to 20s per quarter.

Stocks---3 per ct. Consols 60 1/8 1/2---Omnium 9 1/2.

Serious disturbances have taken place in the French army in Turin, in consequence of not receiving their pay. Gens. Jourdan and Mearle had addressed a *very fine speech* to them, wherein they exhorted them to obedience---and that they should receive their pay.

The plague has broke out at Morocco, and prevails in the town of Sasi and among the garrison of Melilla.

DOVER, August 14.

Lord Nelson's flotilla still continues off Boulogne and Calais, he himself came into the Downs last night. I learn that the French continue to strengthen their positions on shore; but so good a look out is kept, that their gun boats, &c. dare not venture out to sea as heretofore; it is quite uncertain where a blow will next be struck. The Birmingham Packet, William Cochran, master, arrived here to day from Charleston, which place she left the 29th June; at that time, a ratification of the treaty between France and the United States was daily expected. The passengers say, they did not see any French ships of war, privateers, &c. in their passage, but that the Channel swarms with our cruisers.

PARIS, August 2.

Acts of the Government.

The Consuls of the Republic, on the report of the Minister of the Interior, decree:

Art. 1. The importation of English horses is forbidden.

Art. 2. The offenders will be punished according to the 15th article of the law of 10th Brumaire, concerning the introduction of English merchandize.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 30.

A French ship, with dispatches has been take by the English, on its was from Alexandria to France. Gen. Menou had sent home on board 6 French officers, and a number of private men, partly on account of illness, and partly for other reasons; on its passage, previous to its capture, the crew, for what cause is unknown, rose upon the officers, and murdered them all.

NEW-YORK, September 28.

A French gentleman who arrived here yesterday in the ship Olive from Bourdeaux, informs the editors of this Gazette, that the news of Gantheaume's having landed a part of his troops near Alexandria, was contradicted—and that positive accounts of his having arrived at Toulon had been received and announced at Bordeaux.

The great cry of the French people is *Peace! Peace!* Their situation is deplorable—They have no commerce—and no money; in their treasury—Bills drawn on their government, though accepted, are not paid—Merchants will not take them for goods even at 5 per cent. discount.

Arrived, ship general Mercer, captain Moores, in 39 days from Liverpool. August 19th, spoke ship Amsterdam, out 26 days from New-York, lying at the rock in the channel; also the ship Betsey, out 30 days from Philadelphia, lying at Alms Head. 28th, spoke brig Polly, bound from Philadelphia to Hamburg, out 25 days. 29th, in lat. 46, 15, long. 13, 19, spoke brig Virginia, bound from New-York to Amsterdam, out 34 days. September 6th, in lat. 44, 13, long. 44, 51, spoke ship Nancy, from Baltimore for London, out 17 days. 11th, spoke ship Astrea, Sampson, out 32 days from Liverpool, bound to Wiscasset. 18th, on the Grand Banks, spoke schr. Neptune, bound to Plymouth, out 42 days. Capt. Moores has favored us with the following list of American vessels left at Liverpool at the time of his sailing:

For New-York. Anne, Lee, to sail 25th August; Perseverance, Swain, September 1st; Charleston, Hussey. do. Perseverance, Hillyer, uncertain; Ocean, Howland, do. Allegany, Paddock, Sept. 1st; Flora, Tredick, uncertain.

For Boston. Cumberland, Waite, Sept. 1; Resolution, Pride, do. John & Phebe, Dyer, first wind; Fame, Lewis, Aug. 22; Fame Trott, uncertain; Benjamin, Lassel, do. Juno, Dingley, first wind.

For Portsmouth. Fanny, Parker, uncertain; Harmony, Coffin, 20th August; Islantonia, Moulton, 25th August; Eagle, Shaw, do. Union, M'Farlane, uncertain.

For Natchez. Brig Lapwing, Noble, 25th August.

For Norfolk. Mary Louisa, Brush; Maria, Small, August 21; Almy, Snow, of Baltimore, Sept, 1.

For Charleston. Volant, Pollard, 25th August.

For Philadelphia. Caroline, Motley, Rose, Jones, 31st August; New-Jersey, Cooper, Sept. 1; Samuel Elam, Clapp, uncertain.

For Portland. Brig Portland, Lincoln; Bath, Thrasher.

For Wiscasset. Brig ——, Sprague.

For Georgia. Hercules, Pierce.

For Fredericksburgh. Mississippi, Callahan.

For Newburyport. Unity, Edes.

For N. W. Coast. Hazard, Rowan, and Juno, Kendrick, both of Rhode-Island.

The ship Providence, Taylor, of Philadelphia, to sail for the Cape on the first of September.

September 29.

Arrived, sch'r. William, Waterman, Bordeaux.

Cleared, ship Hope, Lawrence, St. Bartholemews; brig Welcome Return, O'Brien, Leghorn; Peggy, Thompson, Lisbon; Friendship, Wattingham, Guadaloupe; sch'r. Rover, Reed, Cape-Francois.

The sch'r Sarah of this port had arrived at Bordeaux before capt. Waterman sailed. Capt. W. spoke the ship Trumbull, of this port bound to Bordeaux 2 days after he left that place. Left there the sch'r Maria, and brig Anna Maria, both to sail for this port in 2 or 3 days.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 30.

Cleared—Brig May, Lawton, St. John's. N. B.; sch'r Diana, M'Farson, St. Jago de la Cuba.

The United States' frigate George Washington, in company with the ship Peace and Plenty, was spoken the 22d Aug. in lat. 36, 31, long. 51, 30, by capt. Coles, of the Huron, arrived at Charleston from London.

The following vessels for Philadelphia were up at Liverpool the 16th August. Ships Caroline, Motley; Rose, Jones, to sail the 31st Aug.; New-Jersey, Cooper, Sept. 1st; Samuel Elam, Clapp, uncertain.

The ship Providence, Taylor, of Philadelphia, to sail for the Cape on the 1st Sept.

Port of Bourdeaux, Aug. 10.

Arrived, the Hannah, of Charleston, capt. Butler, from Hamburg.

Cleared, brig Susannah, Cannings, for Philadelphia.

Alexandria Advertiser.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2.

From the Echo of the 19th Thermidor, 7th August.

We are requested by the Agent of the United States of America to publish the following note, which he has just received from Mr. Murray; minister plenipotentiary of the United States for the exchange of the ratifications of the Convention of the 20th September last.

"Mr. Murray has the pleasure of informing Mr. Barnet, that he has, this evening, 31st July, exchanged the ratifications with the French ministers plenipotentiaries, Joseph Bonaparte, Fleurieux, and Roederer, in the house of the last mentioned."

Signed, IG. COX BARNET.

—

We announce with pleasure the return of John Quincy Adams, Esq. late minister plenipotentiary at Berlin, to Massachusetts, after an absence of seven years, during which time he has been intrusted by his government with many honourable and responsible commissions, which he has executed with intelligence, industry, and fidelity. In 1794 he was appointed by President Washington minister resident at the Hague; in 1795 he was sent to the Court of St. James on an important negociation; he afterwards returned to the Hague, where he remained minister resident until he was promoted by gen. Washington to be minister plenipotentiary at the court of Lisbon. In 1797 he accordingly left the Hague, and on his way for Lisbon received a commission, at London, as Minister Plenipotentiary at Berlin.——One object of this last mission, was to renew the treaty, concluded in the year 1785, between the U. S. and Frederick II. king of Prussia, which had expired. Mr. Adams, in obedience to the instructions of his government immediately went to Berlin, where he negociated a treaty containing several alterations from the former one highly advantageous to his country, this important treaty has been ratified by the two governments, and made public to the people. The documents which accompliment this negociation to the senate, we have been told, by one of its most respectable members, who was present when they were read, discovered great industry and talent, and proved Mr. Adams to be an able and skilful negociator, as well as a correct and elegant scholar. —Americans, no doubt, will delight to welcome into the bosom of their country, after so long an absence, a man whose public and private conduct has reflected so much honor on them, and who is destined to become one of the ablest and most distinguished characters this country has produced. We hazard nothing in this prediction; his integrity, his understanding, his talents and attainments authorise it. Thus far in life the son has followed the example given him by his venerable father, who, sacrificing all private interest, leaving the opportunity of acquiring an immense fortune by a full professional practice, early in life devoted his time and talents to the service of the public, whose head has been silver'd over with age, in the long and laborious service of his country, and "not a day without a deed to crown it." [*Boston paper.*

To Lease for 5 Years.

—

My ISLAND opposite to the City of Washington, a considerable part of which which is well taken in Timothy. It is thought unnecessary to be particular in a description of it, as the property is well known----the crop, notwithstanding the drought last summer, will evince the fertility of the soil to the person wishing to rent, who, it is presumed, will take a view of the premises.

Philip Alexander.

October 2. eo

Clean linen and cotton RAGS bought at this office.

VALUABLE LOTS

FOR SALE.

Five Lots on Duke street, near the corner of Pitt street, four of them 26 feet front, the other 25 feet 6 inches, by 102 feet deep: one of them corners on the street, another on an alley 18 feet wide, and all of them have an outlet to an alley 10 feet wide, on the south end.—The price will be moderate and the terms of payment easy, only one fifth of the purchase money to be paid down, one half the remainder in 6 months and the other in twelve months from the sale, with legal interest for the same.

If not sold in a private way, before the 16th day of 12 mo. next, they will then be sold at public sale to the highest bidder.

Wm. HARTSHORNE, } *Attornies*
NICHOLAS SLUBEY, } *of Elizabeth Donaldson.*

10 mo. 2. 1aw

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-Office Alexandria, 1st October, 1801.

—

A. John Adam, John Anderson, (3) Samuel Allen, (3) William or Thomas Asbury, John All.

B. Carr Bailey, John Barker, Thomas Breillat, Lewis Burd, Alexander Barr, George Bostich, Mr. Barbier, George Bauld, Mrs. Brown, John Buchan, Julia Bellybreaker, Mary Brennan, John and Jeremiah Booth, (2) Lewis Blackburn, Theophilus Bowie, Robert Brillie, Andrew Balmain, Thomas Brooke, Reuben Beitle, Lemuel Bent.

C. Mrs. Courtanay Carter, Moses Coates, Cazenove and Walker, (2) Robert Chandler, William Chandler, Joley N. Coulon, Mrs. Cloye, James Cavan, James Caroline Joiner; John Cummings, James Collet, Simon Cox, Francis Curby, Patrick Cranney, Robert Carruthers, Ja's. Cushing, Thomas B. Conway, John Cehll, Thomas Clark, Josias Clapham.

D. Elizabeth Dawson, David Davies, Samuel Dickson.

E. John Ellis, John Evens, Thompson Elsey, John Esten, Joseph Irwin.

F. John Field, Nathaniel Flore, James Fenwick, Mr. Falla, M'Carty Fitzhugh.

G. John Greenlees, (2) Mrs. Greenfield, Edward Gey, John Graham, George Gream, Henry Gunnell.

H. William, Harvey, (2) M. Hooper, John Hodgson, George Helmbold, Jacob Henriggel, William Hackney, Samuel Harris, John Harrison, Pleasant Hardwick, Rachel Hewitt, Milly Hammon, Paul Hedley, Marcus Henson.

I. Isaac Joseph, (2) Virlinday Jackson, Joseph Jevens, Richard Johnson, Captain Jackson.

K. Josias W. King, Ann Kooper, Thomas Keene, (2) John Keene.

L. John Lawrie, George C. Lamkin, John Lipscomb, Joseph Lewis, Catharine Lewis, Charles Love, (3) Mary Lee, (2) William. L. Lee, William Lampkin, Robert Lewis.

M. Charles Muir, Lewis Mc'Millan, Messers. Mitchell and Torhille, (4) Monsieur Giles Marsteler, Neal Mooney, Ja's. M'Mecken, Elizabeth Mail, Bridget M'Laughlin, Samuel Lad, Mon. B. Martin, Henry M'Kew, Bryan M'Nally.

N. John Newton, Joseph Neale, Prichard Newby.

O. William Grayson Orr, Samuel Ohes.

P. Nicholas Peers, Richard P. Precious, John Pepper, Robert Piper, Captain Patrieson, Zachariah Phillips, Sarah Pattison, William Patice, Jack Pattison, William Payne.

Q. Samuel Quarrier.

R. Daniel N. Robinson, (2) John Read, Mr. Rutter, Doctor Richards, John Ridley, capt. Rose.

S. John Smith, John Simpson, Henry Serling, William Stethen, Robert Sime, (3) George Swink, Alexander Simrell, Ann Sanger, Charles Saunders, Samuel Stringer, John Seems, John Smith, Marble Stone, John Swift, William Spears.

T. John Tuttle, (2) Thomas Tunno, Wm. Taylor, Thomas Tabb, David Tucker, Martha Thorn, Mr. Tiffin, Thomas Triplett, Edward W. Tupper, John Towers, (2) Mr. Trazise.

V. Wm. Vance, (3.)

W. Wm. Wood, Messrs. Wharton and Co. Henry Weeden, Mr. Wright, Enoch Ward, Susa Wills, John Wormely, Robert Whittet, Manuel Williams, Joseph Wilson, John White, Wm. W. Wood, Jeremiah Wadsworth, Col. D. Williams.

Oct. 2. 1aw 3w

Rhode-Island CHEESE

Of the best quality,

For sale on the most reasonable terms, either by the quantity or single cheese.—

Apply to the subscriber on Union, near Prince street.

JOHN CUNNINGHAM.

Sept. 26. d3t

The Subscriber has for Sale,

the following articles:

Mens' Gloves and Suspenders by the dozen,

Silk and cotton Hosiery by the doz.

Two cases felt and castor hats,

A case of ladies' beaver Hats, with feathers, and

Gentlemen's fine beaver Hats,

Leather Caps, Umbrellas and Parasols,

Two Tea Sets of China,

One table do. do.

One of Queensware,

Table sets of Glass,

Passage Lamps, &c.

A few ELEGANT GOLD WATCHES.

The above articles will be sold very low for cash, or short credit, as the subscriber intends to leave this town in a short time.

James Workman.

Royal-street, Sept. 21. eo4t

SPANISH HIDES.

JUST RECEIVED,

2000 Spanish Hides from Curracoa, and for sale by

J. and J. H. TUCKER,

Who have in store,

A few thousand bushels coarse and fine Salt,

Malaga Wine in quarter casks,

Loaf and Muscovado Sugar in hds.

And excellent Claret in cases of 1 and 2 doz. bottles.

Also,

A general assortment of Groceries and Carpenters' Tools, as usual.

Sept. 12. eo

PIANA FORTES

FOR SALE,

Enquire at this Printing-Office.

Sept. 25. eo3t

NEGROES and LANDS

FOR SALE.

I wish to sell a number of very valuable Negroes, among whom are a good waggoner, shoemaker, house-maid, &c. None more capable servants are to be met with! I will give a short credit upon them, assured of *punctual* payment.

I have about 600 acres of land lying along the Ohio, about 8 or 9 miles below Limestone: 200 between the town of Washington and May's Lick, in Mason county, and several tracts in the interior counties in Kentucky, for sale, or to exchange for property in this or the state of Maryland.

The first of those is nearly all bottom: the second lies well for cultivation, is in an excellent neighborhood, well timbered, with good never failing water, and both have a delightful range for stock, particularly hogs. The titles are indisputable. A *good bargain* may be had of those and other lands in that state! I have also for sale, a share in the Potomac Company, and a small annuity in the town of Alexandria. A good waggon and team, and good brood mare, with a colt, and in foal.

Apply to me near Centerville.

VAL. PEERS.

N. B. I should prefer disposing of the Negroes in or near Alexandria, as may be.

Waterside, Sept. 18. eo4w

Stop the Villain.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN on the night of the 3d inst. from the subscriber's enclosure, adjoining Mr. James Edwards, on the York road, about two miles from the city of Baltimore and within half a mile of the turnpike gate, near Mr. Christopher Walker's tavern, a stout well made bay HORSE, four years old last spring, near fourteen hands and an half high, black mane and switch tail, a snip and star, a small blemish in the off eye, remarkably thick short neck marked with the collar; trots and canters, and has been lately shod all round.

Whoever will secure the said horse, so that the subscriber may get him again, shall receive ten dollars, and if brought home all reasonable charges shall be paid, and twenty dollars for securing the thief only.

SAMUEL VINCENT,

No. 44, north Gay-street.

Baltimore, Sept. 9. eo3t.

WHEAT.

THE subscriber wishes to purchase a few thousand bushels of good wheat.

John M'Kinney,

King-street, opposite the Washington tavern—*Who will give Cash for*

FLAXSEED.

Sept. 19. d

Late Publications,

FOR SALE BY

J. V. THOMAS.

TRAVELS,

IN THE INTERIOR OF AFRICA.

From the Cape of Good Hope to Morocco, from the year 1781 to 1797, thro' Caffraria, the kingdoms of Maraman, Angola, Matti, &c. &c. likewise across the great Desart of Sahara, and the northern parts of Barbary.

[*Translated from the German of Christian Frederic Damberger.*]

MORDAUNT,

Sketches of Life, Characters and Manners, in various countries, including the Memoirs of a French Lady of Quality.

[*By Dr. Moore, author of Zeluco, Edward, &c.*]

In a few days will be published,

THE BLACK VALLEY,

A Novel from the German.

Alex. Sept. 12. eo

Baltimore, 1801.

PROPOSALS,

By Warner & Hanna,

For publishing by Subscription,

Six Volumes of

SELECT PLAYS,

To be entitled,

The American Theatre.

CONDITIONS.

1. The whole set will be printed in a handsome duodecimo size, on a superfine wove paper, and new type, made purposely for the work.
2. The price to subscribers, neatly bound and lettered, will be one dollar per volume—to non-subscribers one dollar and seventy-five cents.
3. No money required until the delivery of each volume, and at the completion of the whole a list of its patrons will be given.
4. The first volume will consist of the following much admired plays—*Castle Spectre, Heir at Law, the Stranger,* and *Secrets Worth Knowing.*
5. The publishers pledge themselves to be particular in their selection, by giving place to such plays as are publicly and justly admired for purity of sentiment, and elegance of diction; and no expence withheld in rendering the work for beauty equal to any in America.

☞ When it is considered that the American public have never as yet been put in possession, from a press in this country, of a set of well selected and approved plays, capable of producing much rational sentiment, chaste wit, and good humor, so well calculated to inculcate morality, amuse, recreate and animate the mind—the publishers flatter themselves their exertions will meet with encouragement.

☞ *Subscriptions are received at the office of the* ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

Red Straw Wheat.

The subscriber having experienced considerable difficulty in arranging the price of this wheat, from the variety of the prices in the market, has determined to fix the value at TWO DOLLARS per bushel, being the price at which wheat sold when this was first advertised. Gentlemen may be supplied in any quantity, and at any time, by applying at this place.

It may not be improper to mention that this wheat ripens nearly as soon as the early wheat, which is so celebrated, and was cut almost at the same time during the last harvest—That it resists the *Fly* can be proved by the most respectable characters in this neighborhood, who have had a fair trial——No wheat has ever produced so much upon this estate as the red straw, which was sown in the poorest part; indeed, in that consists its excellence, as any grain will be luxuriant in a rich soil.

Vessels sent for this wheat can be furnished without the least delay.

George W. P. Custis.

Mount-Vernon, Sept. 30. law3w

☞ *Notice.*

BY agreement between the parties, the sale of LANDS lying in Kentucky, advertised to have taken place this day, at the Coffee-House in Alexandria, is postponed until the second Monday in December next, on which day these lands will be sold at Frankfort in Kentucky.

George Graham, John Graham, } *Trustees.*

October 1. d3t

For Sale,

A handsome Saddle HORSE, for Cash, Wet or Dry Goods, or to a safe purchaser a liberal credit will be given. Enquire of the Printers.

Sept. 28. eo6t

VALUABLE LOTS, AND GROUND RENTS

In the town of Alexandria, for Sale.

WILL BE SOLD, at Public Auction, on the premises, on the second Monday in November next, the following valuable Lots in the town of Alexandria, viz.

One LOT *situate on the east side of Fairfax street and south side of King street, fronting on Fairfax street 82 feet, and on King street 80 feet 6 inches, bounded on the south by an alley. This lot is one of the best situations in the town of Alexandria for business, and has on it a large and convenient store and dwelling house.*

One other LOT *situate on the south side of King street, between Water and Union streets, fronting on King street 66 feet, and extending back 117 feet to an alley.*

And one other LOT *on the west side of Water street, fronting on Water street 82 feet, extending back 93 feet 9 inches to an alley, and is bounded on the north by an alley.*

Also,

The following GROUND RENTS *in fee, viz.*

A Rent of two hundred and two dollars and an half, granted by John Jencks, Olny Windsor, Jos. Jencks and Crawford Jencks, to John Fitzgerald, late dec'd, his heirs and assigns forever, issuing out of and charged on two lots of ground on the east side of Water street and south side of King street.

And one other Rent of twenty one pounds, current money of Virginia, granted by Benjamin Langston to the said John Fitzgerald, his heirs and assigns forever, issuing out of and charged on a lot of ground on the south side of King street, between Water and Union streets, which several lots and ground rents, were conveyed by said John Fitzgerald to the subscribers.

One fourth of the purchase money will be required in cash, and notes, well endorsed, negotiable in the bank of Alexandria, or in any of the banks of Baltimore, or in the bank of Columbia, payable in thirty, sixty and ninety days, will be taken for the residue.

Wallace, Johnson & Muir.

Sept. 3. tawtw. ddts

RECEIVED,

By the brig Henderson, captain Archer, from Whitehaven, and for Sale,

Earthen and Stone Ware in crates,

Felt Hats in cases,

Irish and brown Linens in assorted packages,

Matrasses of different sizes,

10 by 8 and 12 by 10 Window Glass,

Sheathing Paper,

Bottled Porter and Port Wine,

Glaziers' Diamonds,

Musqueto Netting.

Apply to

JAMES SANDERSON,

at the compting house of Mr. William Hodgson.

LAND FOR SALE.

A Farm of about 500 acres on Goose creek, in the county of Loudoun, about 3 miles from Middleburg, on which there are a pretty good framed dwelling house and a good apple orchard of choice grafted fruit. The land is of that quality which may be highly improved by plaister. For further particulars apply to Mr. James Keith, jun. of Alexandria.

RAWLEIGH COLSTON.

Sept. 26. 3m taw

COLUMBIA ACADEMY,

King-Street, between Pitt and Royal Streets,

ALEXANDRIA.

Young Gentlemen are taught English, French, Latin, Greek, Writing, Arithmetic, Book-Keeping, Geography, Mathematics, with other branches of an useful and ornamental education, by the

Rev. James Chambers, A. M. many years master of a Boarding School in England.

TERMS.

	Dols.	Cts.
Education, Board, Lodging, Washing and Stationary, per quarter,	50	
Day Scholars, for Latin, French, &c.	7	50
Do. do. for English, French, &c.	6	
Do. do. for English, Arithmetic, &c.	4	

N. B. Proper assistants are constantly employed. Young ladies are taught in separate classes, English, French, Writing, Arithmetic and Geography, in separate apartments. Great care will be taken to instruct the more advanced youth in the elements of composition, particularly Epistolary Writing, and the rules to be observed in Public Speaking.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust made by Charles Lowe to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a debt due the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Alexandria, will be sold to the highest bidder, for ready money, on Saturday, the 24th day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,

The three story

BRICK HOUSE & LOT,

Situate upon the north side of Prince street and east side of Washington street, and bounded as followeth, viz.

"Beginning at the interfecton of said street, and running thence northwardly with Washington street and binding therewith 100 feet to a 10 feet alley, thence eastwardly with the line of the alley and parrallel to Prince street 63 feet, thence southwardly with a line parrellel to Washington street 24 feet, thence westwardly with a line parellel to Prince street 37 feet, thence southwardly with a line parallel to Washington street 76 feet to Prince street, thence westwardly with that street and binding therewith to the beginning, being 26 feet."

Subject to a ground rent of 43 dollars per annum.

By order of Ludwell Lee, Trustee.

P. G. MARSTELLER,

Sept. 28. d Auctioneer.

---

50 Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber's pasture, (near the seat of the late Mr. Muddy, and about 4 miles from this town) on Thursday night, the 10th instant, two GELDINGS, one of them a bright bay, about 15 hands high, has a hanging main and switch tail, a star and small blaze or snip down to or near his nose, branded on one of his thighs, but which is not recollected, thus, O.; he trots well and very easy in a slow travelling gait, and was shod before.

The other a bright sorrel, about 14 hands high, a short made horse, has a hanging main and switch tail, a white spot upon his back, occasioned by the saddle, trots hard, and drags his hind feet, by which they are much worn, holds his head high when mounted, has had the glanders for some time, but is almost well; he was shod before, but had lost one of his shoes.

Whoever delivers the said horses to the subscriber, shall receive 20 dollars reward, or 10 dollars for either of them. If the Horses were stolen, which is more than probable, the person stopping and securing the thief, so that he may be convicted, shall receive a reward of 30 dollars upon his being convicted for stealing the aforesaid horses, or either of them.

PHILIP R. FENDALL.

Alexandria, 12th Sept. 1801. d

WANTED,

One or two MILLERS at this place.

ISAAC M'PHERSON.

Occoquan Mills, Sept. 18. eo3t

PRINTED DAILY BY

S. SNOWDEN & Co.

KING-STREET a few doors above the WASHINGTON TAVERN.